- ◇ 主格の関係代名詞 who, which, that
 - (1) I have a brother. + He lives in Yokohama.
 - I have a brother wholthat lives in Yokohama.

関係代名詞 = 接続詞 + 代名詞

- (2) The boy is Joe. + He came here to meet me.
- $\rightarrow \underline{\text{The boy who[that]}} \underline{\text{came here to meet me is Joe.}}$

· 固有名詞 は先行詞になるない

- ※ I know who that man is. ← 間積疑問文
- (3) This is a train. + It goes to Sendai.
- $\rightarrow \underline{\text{This is a train which [that]}}_{s} \underline{\text{goes to Sendai.}}$
- (4) The cat is cute. + It has blue eyes.
- The cat which[that] has blue eyes is cute.

先行詞 関係代名詞

人 + who [that]

もの、動物 + which [that]

- $E \times 1$. Yuya is the boy. + He took these pictures.
 - Yuya is the boy who[that] took these pictures.
 - 2. The woman is Ms. Kawai. + She helped me yesterday.
 - The woman who that helped me yesterday is Ms. Kawai.
 - This is a movie. + It makes us excited.
 - $\rightarrow \underline{\text{This is a movie which [that]}} \text{ makes us excited.}$
 - 4. The books are hers. + They are on the desk.
 - The books which [that] are on the desk are hers.
 - 5. He is a <u>teacher who[that]</u> teaches us English . 私たちに英語を教える先生
 - 6. The boy who[that] sings well is my cousin.
 - 7. This is a book which[that] is popular among young people 者者たちの間で人気のある本
 - 8. The building which that stands on the hill is our school. 丘の上に建っている建物は

 stands on the hill is our school.
 - 9. Look at the boy and the dog that are running in the park.