

◇ 動名詞

動名詞 → 目的語(O)、主語(S)、補語(C)、前置詞の目的語になる

動詞の ~ing 形

~すること

(1) I like listening to music.

= I like to listen to music.

(2) Playing the piano is difficult.

= To play the piano is difficult.

(3) The important thing is reading many books.

= The important thing is to read many books.

(4) He is good at playing soccer.

前置詞 すること

Ex 1. It began[started] raining. = It began[started] to rain.

雨が降り始めた。

2. We enjoyed playing tennis.

すること

3. I don't finish doing my homework.

すること

4. I stopped looking at the map.

見ること

5. I stopped to look at the map.

不・副