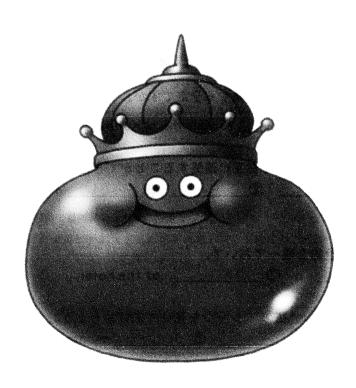
中2英語前期中間試験対策5



1. 次のに合う語を、下の選択肢の中からしつずつ選び、
適する形に直して書きましょう。
① We were soccer at that time.
2 Yumi in Nagoya when she was a little.
3 My sister Bob this morning.
④ Yuki English last night.
⑤ I about sports with Ken yesterday.
6 We TV last Friday.
🤊 I a cute bag for Sayaka two weeks ago.
8 I my new bike yesterday.
make · study · ride · play · live · watch · talk · meet 2. 日本語に合うように、に適切な英語を 語ずつ書きましょう。 () あなたは来年、イギリスを訪問する予定ですか。
① you ② to visit the U.K. next year?
(2) 私たちはインターネットでお互い連絡することができます。We can ① ② ③ other on the Internet.
(3) そのホテルの予約を取っておいて。① α ② αt the hotel.
(4) 私はあなたに、新しい私のTシャツを見せてあげましょう。 I ① ② ③ my new T-shirt.
(5) 私の兄は、3つの異なった言語を経験しました。My brother ① ② ③ languages.

3. AとBの会話が成立するように英語を並び替えましょう。

*ただし、不要な語が「語あります。先頭に来る語も、小文字になっているので注意すること。

- ① A: (Plike 1 life pof II 1 in pay the Japanese).
 - B: Oh, really? Then, did you try special soba on New Year's Eve?
 - A: Yes, of course! I love it.
- ② A: Did your brother and you enjoy last night?

B: Yes.

(Phave 1 time party Ia I we I good fat I the Thad) .

- 3 A: When does your mother usually get up?
 - B: (\mathcal{P} in 1 she \mathcal{P} the \mathcal{P} morning \mathcal{P} fast \mathcal{P} up \mathcal{P} early \mathcal{P} gets). And she makes breakfast for me.
- A: Welcome to Australia! Let's go to the Gold Coast at first.
 - B: (ア from イ long ウ is エ here オ far カ it)?
 - A: No, it's not. You'll see it soon.
- ⑤ A: Good morning. Did you see mom this morning?

B: I don't know.

But she (アis イ watching ウ I エTV オ was カ got キ when) up.

	それぞれの問いに 幸語をア〜エの中:				よう、()に適する
7	Cap &)	から送び、	5L5 (合んましょう。		
(1)	We will get to f	-ukui at 9:	:00. =	We will () at Fuk	ui at 9:00.
	ア:arrive	イ:go	į	ウ:get	工:take	
(2)	Fukui has many	good sob	a rest	taurants.		
	= () many	good	soba restauran	ts in Fukui.	
	ア:They are	イ:It is		ウ:There are	工:There	e is
(3)	What are you g	oing to do	in yo	ur summer vaca	ition?	
	= Do you have	() fo	r your summer	vacation?	
	ア: planes	イ: a plar	ne	ל: any plans	エ: a plo	n
(4)	I have a proble	m with the	∍TV.			
	=The TV ().			
	ア:are too nois	sy. イ:ha	ıve a p	problem ウ:is b	oad エ:d	oesn't work
(5)	I'm sorry for the	e trouble.				
	= I ()	the tr	ouble.		
	ア:have anoth	er	1 : a	pologize for		
	ウ:help you fo	r	工: de	on't want to hav	/e	

5. サキとベイカー先生は冬休み中に街で、偶然会いました。 次の会話文を読み、以下の問いの指示に従って答えましょう。

Saki: Did you read my report?	
Ms. Baker: (あ) I read it last night.	
You wrote about Boston.	
Saki: Yes. I had a wonderful time (い) there.	
Where did you travel this winter?	
Ms. Baker: I didn't travel this winter.	
I enjoy my life in Japan with you all.	
Saki: I enjoy your class, too.	
Ms. Baker: Thank you. I'm so happy.	
Saki: Well, have a nice day, Ms. Baker.	
Ms. Baker: See you tomorrow, Saki.	
(1)下線部 (あ) には、サキの質問に対する返答が入ります。	
適する言葉を、英語3語の一文で書きましょう。	

- (2)下線部<u>(い) there</u>は何を示していますか。本文中から | 語で抜き出し、言い換えましょう。
- (3)本文の流れに合うよう ★ に入る言葉をア~エの中から、選びましょう。

ア:And イ:Or ウ:But エ:When

(4)次の文章のうち、本文と合っているものを全て選びましょう。

7: Saki enjoys Ms. Baker's class.

1: Ms. Baker didn't read Saki's report.

ウ:Saki had a wonderful time in Boston.

I: Ms. Baker traveled in Japan this winter.

6. 朝美(あさみ)はマーライオンを見に行き、ジョシュに見せるための動画を撮影します。 朝美の動画の一部に字幕をつけるため、音声を書き出したのが以下の文です。 次の文を読み、答えましょう。

Hi, Josh. Look. We're now in Merlion Park. I'll show you the Merlion. It's a symbol of Singapore. "Mer" means "sea." The Merlion has the body of a fish and the head of a lion. It's 8.6 meters tall, and it weighs 70 tons. A lot of people are taking pictures of it. There are some gift shops near the park. I bought some gifts for everyone. I'll give you these Merlion cookies, Josh.

Can you see that Ferris Wheel? We're going to ride it after lunch.

(1)次の質問に対し、本文中の英語を指定された語数で抜き出して答えましょう。

*答えは一文ではない可能性もあります。

- ① What is the Merlion for Singapore? (5語)
- ② How tall is the Merlion? (4語)
- ③ How does the Merlion weigh? (4語)
- (2) 本文の内容と合うものを全て選びましょう。

ア: Josh bought Asami a gift.

 \mathcal{A} : Asami is going to ride the Ferris wheel in the afternoon.

ウ: Josh is in Merlion Park.

I: The Merlion has the body of a lion and the head of a fish,

才: Asami can buy gifts near the park.

7. 和也はイギリスで体験したトラブルについて話をしています。 次の問いに対し、それぞれの指示にしたがって答えましょう。

I traveled to the U.K. last year. Then I had some small problems. I said to the officer* at
the station, "To London, please." <u>(あ) He gave me two tickets</u> . Why? Maybe I stressed* the
word "to." The next time, I didn't stress the word "to" and the officer gave me one ticket.
At the hotel, I said to the clerk, " 🏂 the British Museum tomorrow."
How can I get there? She said, "You should take the (v) Boris Bus.*" I was surprised and
said, "The Police Bus? The police will take me there?" She said, "No, no. Some people call
London Buses, Boris Buses." I said, "Oh, it's a London Bus! Now I understand!"
(語注)
Officer:駅員 stress:…を強調する should:~すべきである Boris Bus:ボリスバス
surprised: 驚いた
(I) 下線部 (あ) He gave me two tickets について質問をします。
①どうしてそうなってしまったのですか。
その原因がわかる一文を探し、最初と最後の語を本文から抜き出し、
最初と最後の!語をそれぞれ書きましょう。
②次の質問に指定された語数の英語で答えなさい。(数字も英語で書くこと)
How many tickets did Kazuya need at the station? (4語)
(2) 下線部 <u>(い) Boris Bus</u> について質問をします。
和也は、どんなバスだと勘違いしましたか。
①・②の()に適切な日本語をそれぞれ書きましょう。
「(①)が大英博物館まで運んでくれるバス」と勘違いしたが、
それは「(②)」の愛称だった。」
(3) ☆ に入る英語を文脈から考え、4語以上で書きましょう。
こう こ
the British Museum tomorrow.

8. トム (Tom) は新しいクラスメートについて日記に書きました。 次の英文を読んで、あとの問いに答えましょう。

It is April, and we are second year junior high school students now! My friends and I are in the same* class again. I was relieved* and excited.

Mr. Ito introduced* a student to me. She is Sarah, from Malaysia*. Many people in Malaysia study <u>①two languages</u> in school, so she can speak English and Malay. Her hometown* and Japan are very different, so she feels nervous* about school. One year ago, Japan was scary for me, too. People call this 'culture shock.*' I understand her feelings* very well, so I want to help her. I am going to show her around the school and introduce her to my friends. Maybe we will study with her after class, too.

I hope her nervousness* will slowly* go away*, so she can enjoy her life in Japan. My friends helped me a lot last year. This time, it is my turn. I am going to become friends with Sarah!

(語注) same:同じ relieved:安心した introduce:紹介する Malaysia:マレーシア hometown:故郷 nervous:緊張して culture shock:カルチャーショック feeling:気持ち I hope:~だといいなと思う nervousness:緊張 slowly:ゆっくりと

go away: なくなる

- (+) 次の質問に対し、指定された語数の英語で答えましょう。
 - ① Is Tom a first grade student? (3 語)
 - ② Where is Sarah from? (4語)
- (2) 下線部①が示すものとは、具体的に何ですか。英語で書きましょう。
- (3) 昨年のトムの様子がわかる選択肢を、全て選びましょう。
 - \mathcal{P} : He helped his friends.
 - 1: Japan was scary for him.
 - ウ: He learned two languages.
 - 工: His friends helped him.
 - オ: He showed his friends around the school.
- (4) 本文の内容と合うものを1つ選びましょう。
 - 7: Malaysia and Japan are not different for Sarah.
 - イ:Tom experienced culture shock in Japan last year.
 - ウ:Tom is going to introduce Sarah to his family after class.