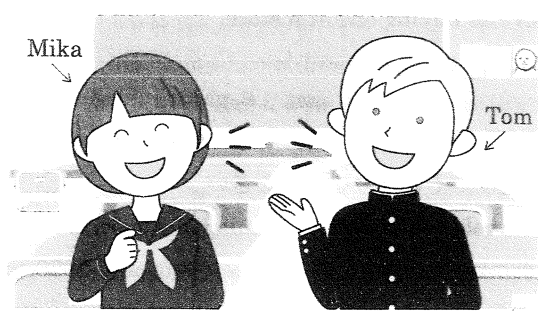
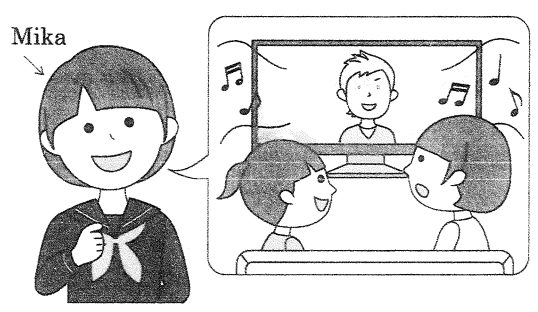
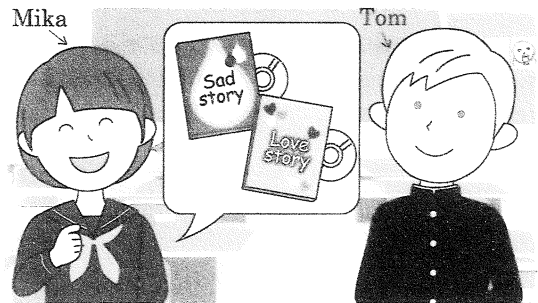


問5 次のA～Cのひとつづきの絵と英文は、ミカ（Mika）のある日のできごとを順番に表しています。Aの場面を表す＜最初の英文＞に続けて、Bの場面にふさわしい内容となるように、の中に適する英語を書きなさい。ただし、あとの＜条件＞に従うこと。

<p>A</p> 	<p>＜最初の英文＞</p> <p>Tom asked, "How was your weekend, Mika?" Mika said, "It was good. I watched two movies."</p>
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<p>B</p> 	<p>"Wow, two movies? Did you go to the *movie theater?" Tom asked. "No, I watched both movies at home with my sister. We like the same *actor, and he was in both," Mika said. Tom asked, "<input type="text"/> better?"</p>
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<p>C</p> 	<p>"The first one. The second one was a very sad story. It was good but it was not as good as the first one," Mika answered.</p>
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\* movie theater : 映画館

actor : 俳優

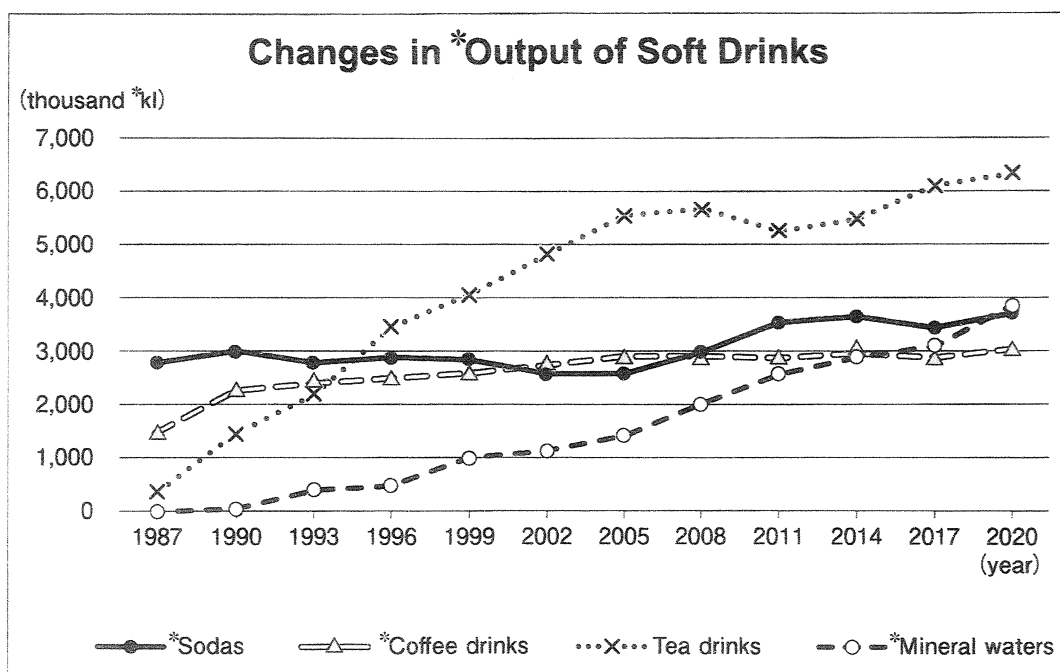
＜条件＞

- ① did と like を形を変えずに用いること。
  - ② ①に示した語を含んで、内を5語以上で書くこと。
  - ③ better? につながる1文となるように書くこと。
- ※ 短縮形 (I'm や don't など) は1語と数え、符号 ( , など) は語数に含めません。

問6 次の英文は、高校生のリナ（Rina）が英語の授業でクラスの生徒に向けて行った発表の原稿です。英文を読んで、あとの(ア)～(ウ)の問いに答えなさい。

Hello, everyone. I'm Rina. I went to America with my family last summer. I bought a \*bottled green tea at a convenience store one day. I was surprised when I drank it because it was \*sweet! I thought that was interesting, so I went to another convenience store and found a different kind of green tea in a \*bottle. I asked the \*clerk in the store, "Is this green tea sweet?" She said, "Yes, it is." I said to her, "Green tea in Japan is not sweet. Do people in America like sweet green tea?" Then she said, "Of course, many people like \*regular green tea, too, but sweet cold tea is much more popular in America." That was an interesting experience, so I decided to \*research \*soft drinks. Look at the \*graph.

Graph



It shows the changes in the output of four \*types of soft drinks between 1987 and 2020 in Japan. In 1987, sodas were \*produced the most out of the four. However, tea drinks became more and more popular every year, and they \*became out on \*top about twenty-five years ago.

( ① ) Also, more and more mineral waters are being produced every year.

I thought about the \*reasons why Japanese people buy and drink tea. The first reason is that  . For example, my mother makes cold tea with \*teabags and a \*glass jar for my family. She puts a teabag in the jar and \*adds water. Then she puts the jar in the \*refrigerator. For me, it's much easier to buy bottled tea drinks at a store. They are always very cold.

\*According to the graph, sodas were something people enjoyed drinking before. People

enjoyed drinking coffee, too. However, \*generally, sodas and coffee drinks are not something people drink very often. \*On the other hand, tea drinks are used for \*hydration. People drink tea when they feel thirsty. \*Therefore, drinking tea for hydration is the second reason. I now understand the \*popularity of mineral waters. They are getting more and more popular. Finally, they were produced more than coffee drinks in 2017.

The third reason is that many Japanese people like to have \*unsweetened drinks with their food. ( ② ) The first unsweetened tea drinks were made in 1985. \*In those days, people thought that they didn't need to buy tea drinks with their own money. But in \*1990s, more and more convenience stores were opened in Japan. People bought unsweetened tea drinks with *bento*, so this helped with the popularity.

I love green tea. The \*taste of tea makes me \*relaxed. I've tried other types of tea since my first experience with sweet tea in America. After trying many kinds of tea, I wanted to learn more about tea. I went to the library and found some books about it last week. ( ③ ) I was surprised to know that all kinds of tea are made from the same plant! That's very interesting! I look forward to learning more about tea. Thank you for listening.

\*bottled ～：ペットボトルの～      sweet：甘い      bottle：ペットボトル      clerk：店員  
 regular：通常の      research ～：～を調査する      soft drinks：清涼飲料水  
 graph：グラフ      **Output**：生産量      kl：キロリットル      **Sodas**：炭酸飲料  
**Coffee drinks**：コーヒー飲料      **Mineral waters**：ミネラルウォーター      types：種類  
 produced：生産された      became out on ～：～になった      top：一位  
 reasons why ～：～の理由      teabags：ティーバッグ（お茶を入れた小袋）  
 glass jar：ガラスのびん      adds ～：～を加える      refrigerator：冷蔵庫  
 According to ～：～によると      generally：一般的に      On the other hand：一方で  
 hydration：水分補給      Therefore：それゆえに      popularity：人気  
 unsweetened：甘くない      In those days：当時      1990s：1990年代      taste：味  
 relaxed：落ち着いた

(ア) 本文中の ( ① ) ～ ( ③ ) の中に、次の A ～ C を意味が通るように入れるとき、その組み合わせとして最も適するものを、あとの 1 ～ 6 の中から一つ選び、その番号を答えなさい。

- A. They have been at the top since then.  
 B. My family always drinks tea when we have dinner.  
 C. I've learned something new through them.

1. ①-A ②-B ③-C      2. ①-A ②-C ③-B      3. ①-B ②-A ③-C  
 4. ①-B ②-C ③-A      5. ①-C ②-A ③-B      6. ①-C ②-B ③-A

(イ) 本文中の  の中に入れるのに最も適するものを、次の 1～4 の中から一つ選び、その番号を答えなさい。

1. making tea at home is more popular than buying bottled tea drinks
2. buying bottled tea drinks is easier than making tea at home
3. putting tea in the refrigerator is the most necessary of all
4. making cold tea at home is as expensive as buying one at a store

(ウ) 次の a～f の中から、リナの発表の内容に合うものを二つ選んだときの組み合わせとして最も適するものを、あとの 1～8 の中から一つ選び、その番号を答えなさい。

- a. A clerk in the store told Rina that sweet cold tea wasn't so popular in America.
- b. The output of soda drinks and coffee drinks changed a lot between 1990 and 2020.
- c. Mineral waters were getting more popular, and they were produced more than coffee drinks in 2017.
- d. Rina's mother makes tea at home because she wants Rina to learn how to make tea.
- e. Rina tried many kinds of tea after coming back to Japan, but she didn't like most of them.
- f. Rina got more interested in tea after she read some books about it.

1. a と c

2. a と d

3. b と e

4. b と f

5. c と d

6. c と f

7. d と e

8. e と f