- 1. **リスニングテスト** (放送の指示にしたがって答えなさい。放送を聞きながらメモをとってもかまいません。)
 - ア チャイムのところに入るナオヤの言葉として最も適するものを、次の1~4の中からそれぞれ一つずつ選び、その番号を答えなさい。
 - No.1 1. He said he went to a store near our house.
 - 2. He had to go there for his work.
 - 3. He was there for 10 days.
 - 4. He got another one for you, too.
 - No.2 1. I played it for two hours last night.
 - 2. My younger brother also plays the guitar.
 - 3. I play it every day, and I also play it with my friends on weekends.
 - 4. I've played it for ten years.
 - No.3 1. I will be busy almost next week, but I can go on Saturday afternoon.
 - 2. I'm free, so let's go to the park today!
 - 3. We can take the bus to the park.
 - 4. I hope it will be sunny tomorrow.
 - (イ) 対話の内容を聞いて、それぞれの Question の答えとして最も適するものを、あとの 1~4の中から一つずつ選び、その番号を答えなさい。
 - No. 1 Question: What can we say about Tom?
 - 1. He has read many books, but he hasn't read any books written by Mr. Hata.
 - 2. He wants to borrow some books written by Mr. Hata from Mina.
 - 3. He will go to the library to borrow the newest book written by Mr. Hata.
 - 4. He hasn't read the newest book written by Mr. Hata yet.
 - No.2 Question: Which is true about Mina?
 - 1. Her voice isn't good today, but she will practice singing a lot.
 - 2. She hopes her voice will be fine by next week.
 - 3. She doesn't feel well, but she won't go to the hospital.
 - 4. She is happy because she doesn't have to practice singing.

(ウ) オーストラリアにホームステイをしていたヒロト (Hiroto) が、英語の授業中にその体験についてのスピーチを行います。次の**<メモ>**はスピーチのためにヒロトが用意したものです。ヒロトのスピーチを聞いて、あとの No.1 と No.2 の問いに答えなさい。

۰	I stayed with the White family for weeks in Australia.
۰	Mr. and Mrs. White: kind, I went to many places with them by
0	The son : fourteen, likes basketball, my good friend.
۰	The daughter: a high school student, studies 3, helped each other.

No.1 ① ~ ③	の中に入れるも	のの組み合わせとして最も適するものを.	次の
$1 \sim 6$ の中から一つ選び、	その番号を答えな	i さい。	
1. ① two	② train	3 Japanese	
2. ① three	② car	3 Japanese	
3. ① four	② car	3 Japanese	
4. ① two	2 train	3 English	
5. ① three	② car	3 English	
6. 1 four	2 train	3 English	

No.2 以下は、スピーチをした翌日にヒロトがホワイトご夫妻(Mr. and Mrs.White)に送ったメールです。ヒロトが書いた**<メール>**の()の中に適する**1語**を英語で書きなさい。ただし、()内の一つの_には1文字が入るものとします。

<メール>

Dear Mr. and Mrs. White,

How are you? I told my classmates about my life in Australia yesterday. They liked my *speech. Some of them said they wanted to go to Australia to study English.

I hope you will come to Japan (____).

*speech:スピーチ

(2)		1d	in the	U.K.			
	My brother b	ought a gu	itar	in	America.		
(3)	If you go then	re, you'll se	e many peop	ole	Japa	nese.	
(4)	These are the	e animals _		in Austr	alia.		
		992	live	sneak	make		
				_			
3. i	次の日本文に	あう英文に	なるように	·	適する語を	書きなさい。	
(1)	緊急事態の場合	は、この番号	号に電話してく	ださい。			
	Please call th				of		
(2)	私は通り過ぎる				THE PROPERTY AND THE PR	A Commission of the Commission	
	I spoke to a n	nan			•		
(3)	私は家に帰る途						
	I called my a	ant	the_			home.	
(4)	もし晴れたら,						
	Let's	THE PARTY NAMED AND ADDRESS OF	if i	it is sunn	y.		
(5)	私はあまりにも	悲しくて学校	交へ行けません	でした。			
		,		an to a	ah a a I		
	I was	sad		go to s	211001.		
		sad	***************************************	go to s	enoor.		
1 ½	I was					に富才る鈺を妻きわさい	
- X	I was					に適する語を書きなさい	
	I was	〕内の指え	示にしたがっ	って書きた	いえるとき、		
	I was 欠の文を〔 Look at the g	〕内の指え irl. She is	示にしたがっ taking pictu	って書きた ures. 〔ほ	いえるとき、	 デす 1 つの文に〕	
(1)	I was 欠の文を〔 Look at the g Look at	〕内の指元 irl. She is	京にしたがっ taking pictu	って書きた ures. [ほ	nえるとき、 ほ同じ内容を基 picture	 Eす1つの文に〕 s.	
(1)	I was 欠の文を〔 Look at the g Look at This is the pr	〕内の指元 irl. She is resent. It w	京にしたがっ taking pictu was given to	って書きだ ures. 〔ほ me for m	いえるとき、 ほ同じ内容を基 picture v birthday.	そす 1 つの文に〕 s. 〔ほぼ同じ内容を表す 1 つの文に〕	
(1)	I was 欠の文を〔 Look at the g Look at This is the pr This is	」内の指列 irl. She is resent. It w	京にしたがっ taking pictu vas given to	って書きだ ures. [ほ me for m	いえるとき、 ほ同じ内容を表 picture y birthday. to me fo	をす1つの文に〕 s. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す1つの文に] or my birthday.	
(1)	I was 欠の文を〔 Look at the g Look at This is the pr	」内の指元 irl. She is resent. It w	taking pictu vas given to : a? [I want	って書きた ures. [ほ me for my	いえるとき、 ほ同じ内容を基 picture y birthday. to me fo こ続けて間接疑	をす1つの文に〕 s. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す1つの文に〕 or my birthday. 問文に〕	
(1)	I was	」内の指元 irl. She is resent. It w this camer w how	示にしたがっ taking pictu was given to r a? [I want	って書きた ures. [ほ me for my	いえるとき、 は同じ内容を表 picture y birthday. to me fo に続けて間接疑	表す1つの文に〕 s. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す1つの文に〕 or my birthday. i問文に〕 is.	
(1) (2) (3)	I was	irl. She is resent. It w this camer w how have for b	taking pictural vas given to reakfast? Do	oて書きた ures. [ほ me for my to know l	は同じ内容を表 は同じ内容を表 picture birthday. to me fo に続けて間接疑 w that? 〔ほ	をす1つの文に] s. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す1つの文に] or my birthday. 問文に] is. ほ同じ内容を表す1つの文に]	
(1) (2) (3)	I was	」内の指元 irl. She is resent. It w this camer w how have for b	reakfast? Do	oて書きた ares. [ほ me for my to know l	いえるとき、 は同じ内容を表 picture birthday. to me fo に続けて間接疑 w that? 〔ほ	をす1つの文に] s. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す1つの文に] or my birthday. 問文に] is. ほ同じ内容を表す1つの文に]	

2. 次の文の___に適する動詞を下から選び、適する形になおして書きなさい。

8. 明美(Akemi) さんが書いた次の英文を読んで、あとの問いに答えなさい。

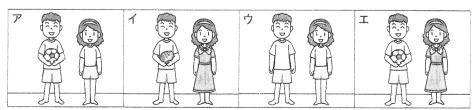
One day when I came back home, I found a picture on the table. In that picture a boy and a girl were smiling. The boy had a soccer ball in his hands, and the girl was wearing a cute *dress. When I looked at <u>the picture</u> carefully, I was surprised. The dress was mine! <u>It (a *ribbon/my mother's/made/had/I/with/that) help.</u> It was my favorite dress. I went to my mother and said, "Why did you send my dress away?" My mother answered, "The dress is too small for you now. Do you still need it?"

I have an uncle who lives in Africa. He works for poor people there. <u>My mother sometimes sends him things that she does not need.</u> Then he gives these things to poor people there. The picture was sent to my mother with a thank-you letter by him. "Why is he doing such a job?" I often thought.

I could not forget about the dress for some time. A few days later I looked at the picture again. The girl looked really happy. Her eyes were *shining. My mother said, "When you first *wore the dress, you looked so happy. You looked just like her." My parents bought the dress for me two years ago. I was very glad at that time. Soon I understood the feeling of the girl in the picture. This better for the dress to be there than to be here," I thought, "I cannot wear it *any more, but it is useful to someone else."

We have many things around us in Japan, but in some countries there are many people who cannot *even buy things like dresses. They need help. In the future I want to go to such countries and work for these people. I hope I can meet the girl in the picture and talk to her someday.

- (注) dress(es) ドレス、衣服 ribbon リボン shining < shine 輝く wore < wear の過去形 any more もはや even ~さえ
- (1) 下線部① the picture とはどのようなものであったと考えられるか。下のア〜エから正しいものを 1つ選びなさい。



(2) 下線部②が「それには、私が母の助けを借りて作ったリボンがついていました。」という意味になるように、()内の語(句)を並べかえなさい。

It _____ help.

- (3) 下線部③を日本文にしなさい。
- (4) 明美さんが、下線部④のように判断したのはどのような考えからですか。日本語で書きなさい。

7. 次の英文は、ある中学生が盲導犬(guide dogs)について書いた文章です。これを読んで、あとの問いに答えなさい。

Do you like dogs? Most of you will answer "Yes." Dogs are our very good friends. But have you ever seen or heard about guide dogs? They are very important <u>O(can't/people/see/who/for)</u>. Guide dogs help those people when they go out and walk around *safely on busy streets.

One day I saw a man with a dog in a restaurant. That was my first time to see a dog in a restaurant.

I was surprised. So my father said, "That's not a pet. It's a guide dog. You can bring a guide dog to a restaurant." I didn't know anything about guide dogs. I became interested, and now I know a lot about them.

It is not easy to *train guide dogs. Before they start training, they have to take a test.

They should be kind and *clever and love working with people. If they *pass, those dogs are trained for six to ten months to become guide dogs. First, they learn *simple commands like "Sit," or "Stop." Then after they pass many tests, *they learn to help people in the town. The guide dogs are trained to stop or walk away when there is *danger. They also help people when they get on and off buses and trains. *At last, *a person has to spend four weeks with the dog.

Guide dogs work for about eight years. People with guide dogs can enjoy visiting many places and staying in hotels. Sometimes they can take a plane.

Some people still don't know how well guide dogs are trained and how important they are. I was one of <u>sthem</u>. I hope more people will learn about these dogs.

- (注) safely 安全に train 訓練する clever 賢い pass 合格する simple command(s) 簡単な命令 danger 危険なもの at last 最後に
- (1) 下線部①が「目が見えない人々にとって」という意味になるように、()内の語を並べかえなさい。
- (2) 下線部②の理由を日本語で書きなさい。
- (3) 下線部③の具体例を、本文にそって日本語で1つ書きなさい。
- (4) 下線部④が「盲導犬がほしい人は、犬といっしょに 4 週間過ごさなければなりません」という意味になるように、 にあてはまる 5 語を書きなさい。

a person

- (5) 下線部⑤の内容として最も適切なものを、ア~エから1つ選びなさい。
 - 7 people who don't know much about guide dogs
 - 1 people who have never trained guide dogs
 - ウ people who want to know more about guide dogs
 - I people who think guide dogs are important

8. 明美(Akemi)さんが書いた次の英文を読んで,あとの問いに答えなさい。

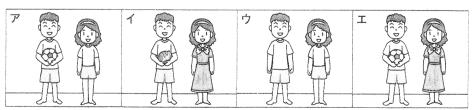
One day when I came back home, I found a picture on the table. In that picture a boy and a girl were smiling. The boy had a soccer ball in his hands, and the girl was wearing a cute *dress. When I looked at <u>the picture</u> carefully, I was surprised. The dress was mine! <u>It (a *ribbon/my mother's/made/had/I/with/that) help.</u> It was my favorite dress. I went to my mother and said, "Why did you send my dress away?" My mother answered, "The dress is too small for you now. Do you still need it?"

I have an uncle who lives in Africa. He works for poor people there. <u>My mother sometimes sends him things that she does not need.</u> Then he gives these things to poor people there. The picture was sent to my mother with a thank-you letter by him. "Why is he doing such a job?" I often thought.

I could not forget about the dress for some time. A few days later I looked at the picture again. The girl looked really happy. Her eyes were *shining. My mother said, "When you first *wore the dress, you looked so happy. You looked just like her." My parents bought the dress for me two years ago. I was very glad at that time. Soon I understood the feeling of the girl in the picture. This better for the dress to be there than to be here," I thought, "I cannot wear it *any more, but it is useful to someone else."

We have many things around us in Japan, but in some countries there are many people who cannot *even buy things like dresses. They need help. In the future I want to go to such countries and work for these people. I hope I can meet the girl in the picture and talk to her someday.

- (注) dress(es) ドレス、衣服 ribbon リボン shining < shine 輝く wore < wear の過去形 any more もはや even ~さえ
- (1) 下線部① the picture とはどのようなものであったと考えられるか。下のア〜エから正しいものを 1つ選びなさい。



(2) 下線部②が「それには、私が母の助けを借りて作ったリボンがついていました。」という意味になるように、()内の語(句)を並べかえなさい。

It he	el	lp).
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- (3) 下線部③を日本文にしなさい。
- (4) 明美さんが、下線部④のように判断したのはどのような考えからですか。日本語で書きなさい。

9. 次の文を読んで、あとの問いに答えなさい。

Anna is a student from America. She has been in Japan for six months. She goes to a high school in Nara. She enjoys her life in Japan very much. She loves Japanese food. She thinks it is *delicious and *healthy.

One day, Anna's host family took her to a *Japanese restaurant. When they were having dinner, she found a red *maple *leaf on her *dish. The leaf was by the food. She said, "Wow, this leaf is very pretty! Can I eat this?"

Anna's host mother Miyuki said, "No. It is put there to make the food more beautiful." Anna thought <u>that</u> was a good idea. She brought the leaf home.

The next day, Anna showed the red maple leaf to her friends at school and talked about it. Then, one of her friends Kenta said, "Maybe, that's one of the *leaves my grandmother *gathered from the trees around her house." She was surprised to hear that and asked why he said so. He said, "Do you know how the leaves come on the dishes at restaurants? There are people who gather and sell beautiful leaves. My grandmother is one of *2 them. Those leaves are popular among Japanese restaurants in cities in Japan."

Anna was interested in Kenta's story and said, "I want to know more about your grandmother's job."

Kenta said, "Oh, she is going to visit us next month. You can come to my house and talk with her then."

The next month, Kenta's grandmother Kayo came to Nara. Anna was invited to his house and enjoyed talking with Kayo. The old woman told Anna the *following story.

Kayo's town is in the mountains of Tokushima. There are about two thousand people in the town, and about one thousand of them are more than sixty-five years old. In the town, there is a *business which gives old people a job. The job is to gather many kinds of beautiful leaves and sell them. Those leaves are popular in <u>urban areas</u> like Osaka or Kyoto. For example, a lot of Japanese restaurants in those cities buy them to *decorate their food. Also, leaves are very *light, so it is not difficult for old people to gather them. Many old people in the town work for this business. Kayo is one of them. She has worked for it for fifteen years. She is eighty years old now and still goes out to gather leaves every day. She thinks her job is a good one for old people.

Some of the people who work for the business have started to do two things to sell their leaves *efficiently. First, they have started to use a computer. Now, they can find what kinds of leaves are needed each day on the Internet. They get the information early in the morning and go out to get the leaves. Second, they have started to *plant some kinds of trees around their houses. So, they can quickly get the leaves which are needed each day.

Kayo said, "I've learned new things through my job. For example, I've learned to use a

computer. Learning new things is a lot of fun. Oh, I have a present for you. Here you are." She gave "several small leaves to Anna. Some were yellow and some were red. All were very beautiful.

- (注) delicious おいしい healthy 健康的な Japanese restaurant 日本料理店 maple モミジ leaf 葉 dish 皿 leaves leaf の複数形 gather 集める following 次の business 事業 several いくつかの decorate 飾る light 軽い efficiently 効率よく plant 植える
- (1) 下線部①が指している内容として最も適切なものを、次のア〜エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - 7 to make the most beautiful and delicious food in Japan
 - 1 to take Anna to a Japanese restaurant for dinner
 - ウ to eat the red maple leaf and delicious food on a dish
 - I to put a red maple leaf on a dish to make the food more beautiful
- (2) 下線部②が指しているものを、本文中から連続する7語の英語で抜き出しなさい。
- (3) 本文の内容から判断して、下線部③の意味に最も近いと考えられるものを、次のアーエから1つ選び、 記号で答えなさい。
 - ア cities イ small villages ウ mountains エ farms
- (4) 下線部④の内容を、日本語で2つ箇条書きにして書きなさい。
- (5) 本文中の登場人物の説明として正しいものを、次のア~エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

 - P Anna is Miyuki's mother. 1 Miyuki is Kayo's grandmother.
 - ウ Kenta is Anna's friend.
- I Kayo is Anna's host mother.
- (6) 次の(a), (b)の問いに3語以上の英語で答えなさい。
 - (a) Did Kayo say it was difficult for old people to gather leaves?
 - (b) What did Kayo give Anna as a present?
- (7) 本文の内容と合っているものを、次のア~カから2つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - P Anna has been in America for six months, and she thinks Japanese food there is delicious.
 - 1 Anna gathered maple leaves from some trees around her house and showed them to her friends at school.
 - グ Kenta invited Kayo to Anna's house because Kayo wanted to talk with Anna about Kayo's job.
 - I Kayo started to work for the business in her town fifteen years ago, and she is eighty years old now.
 - オ Kayo asks other members of her family to gather leaves every day because she doesn't often go out now.
 - カ Kayo has learned new things through her job, and she thinks it is a lot of fun to learn them.