

<令和2年度本試験> 特別 第10講

(7) $y = ax^2$ に $A(6,6)$ を代入

89.0%
 $6 = 36a$
 $a = \frac{1}{6}$

(8) $AO : OE = 4 : 3$

49.7% $b : x = 4 : 3$

$4x = 18$
 $x = \frac{18}{4} = \frac{9}{2}$ $E(-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{9}{2})$

$E(-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{9}{2}), F(3,0)$ を通る直線

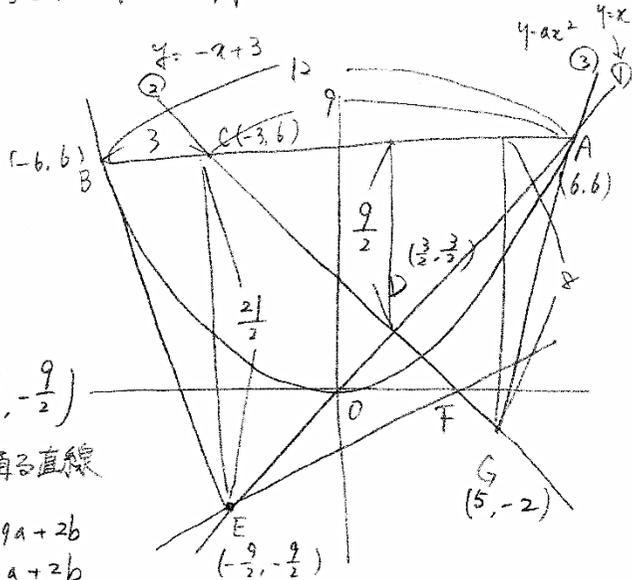
$$\begin{cases} -\frac{9}{2} = -\frac{9}{2}a + b \rightarrow -9 = -9a + 2b \\ 0 = 3a + b \rightarrow 0 = 6a + 2b \end{cases}$$

$0 = 3 \times \frac{3}{5} + b$ $a = \frac{9}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$
 $b = -\frac{9}{5}$ $y = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{9}{5}$

(9) $\triangle ADG = \triangle GAC - \triangle DAC$

3.9% (S) $= 9 \times 8 \times \frac{1}{2} - 9 \times \frac{9}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
 $= \frac{9}{2} \times (8 - \frac{9}{2})$
 $= \frac{9}{2} \times \frac{7}{2}$
 $= \frac{63}{4}$

$S : T = \frac{63}{4} : \frac{17}{4}$
 $= 63 : 17$
 $= 7 : 19$



DE 求める
 $\begin{cases} y = -x + 3 \\ y = x \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -x + 3 \\ 2x = 3 \\ x = \frac{3}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow D(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2})$

$BEDC = \triangle EAB - \triangle DAC$

(T) $= 12 \times \frac{21}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - 9 \times \frac{9}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
 $= \frac{252}{4} - \frac{81}{4}$
 $= \frac{171}{4}$

〈令和元年度 本試験〉

(P) $y = ax^2$ 过 $C(-3, -2)$ 点

84.2%
 $-2 = 9a$
 $a = -\frac{2}{9}$

(I) $AD : DC = 2 : 1$ 且

29.7%
 $AD : AC = 2 : 3$
 $x = 5 = 2 : 3$
 $3x = 10$
 $x = \frac{10}{3}$

$D_y = 3 - \frac{10}{3} = \frac{9}{3} - \frac{10}{3}$
 $= -\frac{1}{3}$

$D(-3, -\frac{1}{3})$

BD 方程式

$$\begin{cases} 3 = 3a + b \rightarrow 9 = 9a + 3b \\ -\frac{1}{3} = -3a + b \rightarrow -1 = -9a + 3b \end{cases}$$

$3 = 3a + \frac{4}{3}$ $8 = 6b$
 $b = \frac{4}{3}$ $b = \frac{4}{3}$

$9 = 9a + 4$
 $9a = 5$ (BD) $y = \frac{5}{9}x + \frac{4}{3}$
 $a = \frac{5}{9}$ 且 $E(0, \frac{4}{3})$

$F_y = \frac{4}{3} + \frac{10}{3} = \frac{14}{3}$

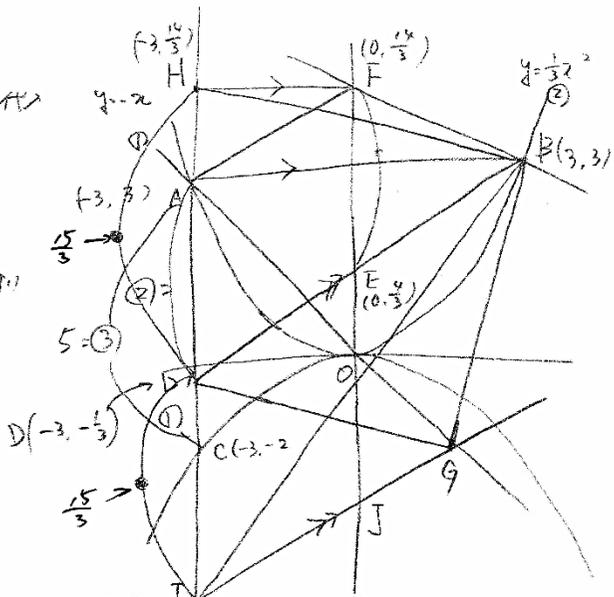
$y = ax + \frac{14}{3}$ 过 $B(3, 3)$ 点

$3 = 3a + \frac{14}{3}$

$9 = 9a + 14$

$5 = -9a$ (BF) $y = -\frac{5}{9}x + \frac{14}{3}$

$a = -\frac{5}{9}$



2.0%

等積変形を利用

F 过 且 AB 平行 直線 AC 交点 H ,

G 过 且 BDF 平行 直線 AC 交点 I

GI 与 x 轴 交点 J 与 B .

$\triangle BDG = \triangle DBF$

$\triangle BDI = \triangle BDH$ 且 BD 公共

$HD = DI = \frac{14}{3} - (-\frac{1}{3})$
 $= \frac{15}{3}$

$DI = JJ$ 且 $\angle DIJ = \angle HJE$

$J_y = \frac{4}{3} - \frac{15}{3}$
 $= -\frac{11}{3}$

BD 方程式 $y = \frac{5}{9}x + \frac{4}{3}$

且

(IJ) $y = \frac{5}{9}x - \frac{11}{3}$

$$\begin{cases} y = -x \\ y = \frac{5}{9}x - \frac{11}{3} \end{cases}$$

$\frac{5}{9}x - \frac{11}{3} = -x$

$\frac{14}{9}x = \frac{11}{3}$

$x = \frac{11}{3} \times \frac{9}{14}$

$x = \frac{33}{14}$

第10講
 <今2年度類題>

(7)

$A(6,6)$ 且 $y=ax^2$ に代入

$6 = 36a$

$a = \frac{1}{6}$

(5) DE を求める

$$\begin{cases} y = x & x = -x + 3 \\ y = -x + 3 & 2x = 3 \\ & x = \frac{3}{2} \\ & y = \frac{3}{2} \end{cases} \quad D\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$AD = 6 - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{12}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$

$AD : DE = 3 : 4$

$\frac{9}{2} : x = 3 : 4$

$3x = 18$

$x = 6$

$E_x = \frac{3}{2} - 6 = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{12}{2} = -\frac{9}{2}$

$E\left(-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{9}{2}\right)$

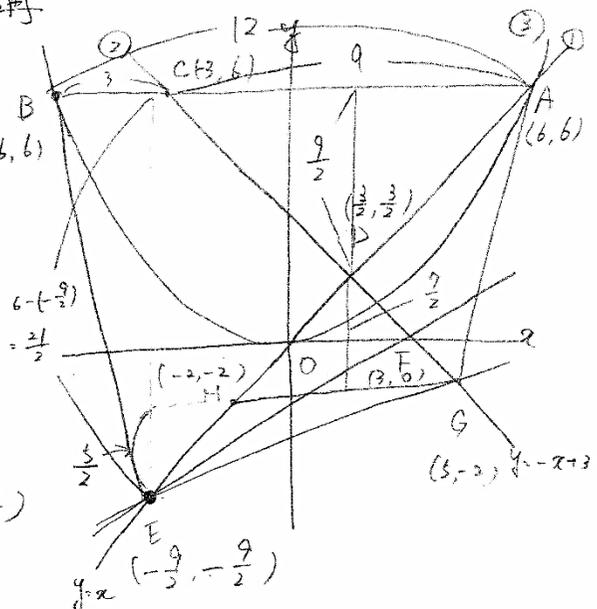
$F(3,0)$ ← $(y = -x + 3) \cap (y = 0)$ に代入

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{9}{2} = -\frac{9}{2}a + b & 0 = 3 \times \frac{3}{2} + b \\ 0 = 3a + b & b = -\frac{9}{2} \end{cases}$$

$\frac{9}{2} = \frac{15}{2}a$ $(EF) \quad y = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{9}{5}$

$a = -\frac{3}{5} \times \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)$

$a = \frac{3}{5}$



(2) Gを通り x軸に平行な直線と直線ADとの交点EHとする $H(-2,-2)$

内部底辺 $GH = 5 - (-2) = 7$

$\Delta EGD = 7 \times \left(\frac{7}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{2}$

(2) $= 7 \times 6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 21$

$BEDC = \Delta EAB - \Delta DAC$

(T) $= 12 \times \frac{21}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - 9 \times \frac{9}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= 63 - \frac{81}{4}$

$= \frac{252 - 81}{4}$

$= \frac{171}{4}$

$S : T = 21 : \frac{171}{4}$

$= 84 : 171$

$= 28 : 57$

<令和元年度類題>

(7)

$y = ax^2$: $A(-4, 4)$ を通る

$4 = 16a$

$a = \frac{1}{4}$

(8) $y = -\frac{1}{8}x^2$: $x = -4$ を通る

$= -\frac{1}{8} \times 16$

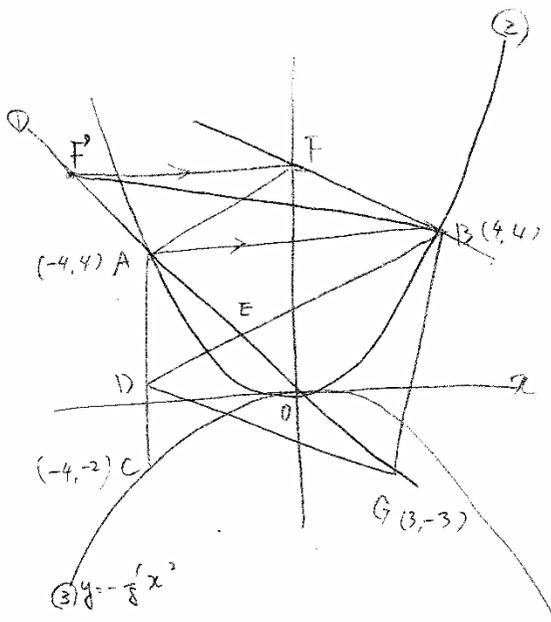
$= -2$ $C(-4, -2)$

$AC = 4 - (-2) = 6 = FO$

∴ $F(0, 6)$ $n = 6$

$m = \frac{0-6}{4-0} = \frac{-2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}$

$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 6$



(9) <等積変形の利用>

Fを通り ABに平行な直線①との交点 E を F' とする ($\triangle FAB = \triangle F'AB$)

$\triangle BEG = \text{四角形 AEBF} = \triangle BEF'$

∴ E が F'G の中点とすることができる

F' は F と y 座標が同じだから

$F'(-6, 6)$

F'(-6, 6) と G(3, -3) の中点 E かつ

$E\left(\frac{-6+3}{2}, \frac{6-3}{2}\right) = E\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$

B(4, 4) と E(-3/2, 3/2) を通る直線

$$\begin{cases} 4 = 4a + b \\ \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2}a + b \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 8 = 8a + 2b \\ 3 = 3a + 2b \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 4 = 4a + b \\ b = \frac{44}{11} - \frac{20}{11} \\ b = \frac{24}{11} \\ a = \frac{5}{11} \end{cases} \quad \textcircled{BE} \quad y = \frac{5}{11}x + \frac{24}{11}$$

→ $x = -4$ を代入
 $y = \frac{5}{11}(-4) + \frac{24}{11}$
 $y = \frac{-20}{11} + \frac{24}{11}$
 $= \frac{4}{11}$
 $D(-4, \frac{4}{11})$

