

欠席者連絡メモ

9月17日 土曜日 名前()

科目	英 語
授 業	小テスト (31) プリント 問7 → (7) 3 - (1) 2 w.s 関係代名詞 (目的格)
宿 題	書き プリント 問8 P.134 ~ 135 11 ~ 16
プリント の有無	

※次回の授業は開始30分前に来て下さい。補習します。

英和ぶればある

中3英語 小テスト (31)

22.09.17 英和ぶればある

氏名 _____

- ② 1. 地震
- ② 2. 最近の、最新の
- ② 3. 幸運にも
- ② 4. 揺れ
- ② 5. 通り過ぎる (2語)
- ② 6. 外へ出る (2語)
- ② 7. ひどい
- ② 8. アナウンス、発表
- ② 9. 泳ぐ (原 - 過去 - 過分)
- ② 10. 走る (原 - 過去 - 過分)
- ⑤ 11. 今週末の天気はどうでしょうか。
- ⑤ 12. 彼はその先生にいつそこに行けばよいか尋ねました。
- ⑤ 13. その先生は彼女に教室を掃除してくれと頼みました。
- ⑤ 14. あなたはあの川で泳ぐことができますか。(to を使う)
- ⑤ 15. 私は彼女がいつ日本を発つのか知りません。
- ⑤ 16. この仕事は木曜日までにされなければなりません。

It's a piece of cake!!

(語句)

1. independence 2. violence 3. fight

独立

暴力

たたかう

4. protest 5. tough 6. ^{x s} human right

抗議する

困難な、難しい

人権

7. go on 8. fast 9. _____

～をする、始める

断食

(文)

1. She is a girl that everyone likes.

彼女はみんなが好きな女の子です。

2. This is the book which I read yesterday.

これは私が昨日読んだ本です。

3. This is the book which made me excited.

これは私を興奮させた本です。

4. The watch which I bought was made in Japan.

私が買った時計は日本で作られました。

5. The man that I saw this morning looked old.

私が今朝会った男性は年老いて見えました。

6. _____

(語句)

1. 不規則変化の動詞 2. evacuation 3. drill4. visitor 5. simulation 6. instruction7. simple 8. interview 9. hand out ~10. resident 11. illegal 12. decision13. effective 14. bother 15. accident

(文)

1. This book written by him was interesting.2. Do you know where we can see pandas?3. Pandas are animals living in Tibet.4. The book is so difficult that I can't read it.5. The book is too difficult for me to read.6. Have you ever called him Voldemort?7. She told him to make her happy.8. I don't remember when he left the room.

◇ 目的格の関係代名詞 (whom), which, that

(1) She is a girl. + Everyone likes her.

→ She is a girl that/whom everyone likes.

(2) This is the book. + I read it yesterday.

→ This is the book which/that I read yesterday.

※ This is a letter which makes me happy.

関係代名詞 (主格) + V

関係代名詞 (目的格) + S + V

(3) The watch was made in Japan. + I bought it last month.

→ The watch which I bought last month was made in Japan.

(4) The man looked old. + I saw him this morning.

→ The man that/whom I saw this morning looked old.

Ex 1. These are pictures which/that she took in Kamakura.
彼女が鎌倉で撮った

2. Have you ever read a book which/that Soseki wrote ?
漱石が書いた本

3. The building which/that we saw on the hill was a hospital.
私たちが丘の上で見た建物は

4. A man that/whom I didn't know spoke to me at the station.
私の知らない男の人が

5. This is the song which/that I like the best.
私がいちばん好きな歌

6. The people that/whom he met there ruined his life.
彼がそこで会った人々が彼の人生を台無しにした。

※ that の特別用法

1. This is the best book that I have ever read.
最良の本

2. This is the first CD that I bought for myself.
自分のために

3. She was the only girl that spoke Japanese.

4. This is all that I want to say.

5. Is there anything that I can do for you?

Everything that I saw there was interesting.