

1. (ア) No. 1 food No. 2 5

2. (1) ウ (2) ウ (3) ア (4) ア

(5) イ (6) ア (7) ア

3. (1) サクラと私は 子供のころから (ずっと) お友達です。

(2) あなたは もう (その) お手紙を書いてしまいましたか。

4. (1) have been, since

(2) never, to

(3) have, finished, yet

(4) has been studying, since

5. (1) Have, since

(2) Yes, have

(3) No, has not

(4) How many, been, For

6. (1) I have been studying[learning] English for six years.

(2) He has never been to Australia.

7. (1) ウ (2) イ (3) ア

(4) ア (5) イ (6) ウ

8. (1) to be[become] (2) to hear

(3) to read (4) cook[make]

9. (1) 私の夢は アメリカで音楽を勉強すること です。

(2) 私には昨日 すべき宿題がたくさんありました。

(3) 私は 彼に学校に行くように言いました。

(4) チャーリーにとって日本語を理解することは簡単ですか。

10. (1) me to (2) to use

11. (1) Let me use your desk.

(2) Mr. Brown wants everyone to read this book.

(3) It is easy for him to speak English.

12. (1) ① イ ② ウ

(2) エ・オ

(3) イ → エ → ア → オ → ウ

(4) ウ

(5) ① father ② took

③ how ④ beautiful

#### 問題(7)

Good morning, everyone. The other day, I found an interesting graph on the web and I'm going to talk about it. There are many tourists from other countries as you know, and the graph shows their favorite things in Japan. More than half of them talk about something to eat, for example, sushi, *ramen*, and *yakitori*, as their favorite things in Japan. I like historical places such as temples and shrines the best, and twenty percent of them answered so, too. Some of them also like nature here the best, such as mountains and lakes. The number of them is just half of the number of tourists with an answer of "Japanese *anime*" to the question. What do you think about their answers?