

欠席者連絡メモ

7 月 30 日 土 曜日 名前 ()

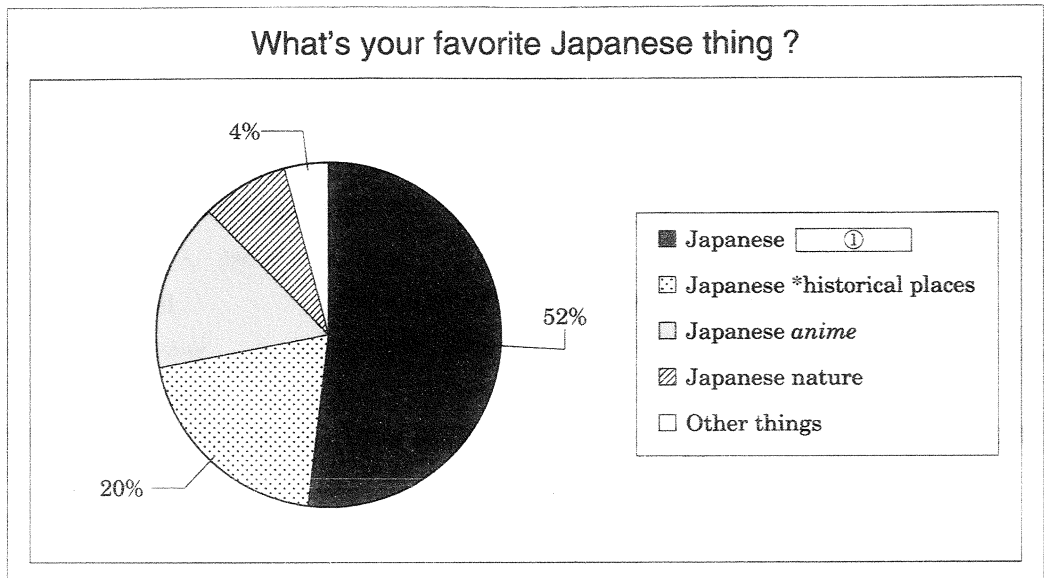
科目	英 語
授 業	<p>小テスト</p> <p>P.130</p> <p>教科書 Unit 4-3</p> <p>P.130 STEP 2</p> <p>1 (1) ウ (2) エ (3) エ (4) エ (5) イ</p> <p>2 (1) living (2) flying (3) taken (4) called</p> <p>3 (1) written (2) made by (3) studying</p> <p>4 (1) me a watch made in (2) girl eating lunch with (3) The boy running with Tom is her</p>
宿 題	<p>P.161 ⑪ ~ ⑭</p>
プリント の有無	

※次回の授業は開始30分前に来て下さい。補習します。

英和ぶればある

㊦ ALT のホワイト先生が、ウェブで見たある調査の結果について英語の授業で話しています。〈グラフ〉は日本に来た100人の外国人旅行者に「日本のいちばん好きなもの・こと」について聞き、一人一つずつ答えた結果を表しています。〈グラフ〉を見ながらホワイト先生の話聞いて、あとの No. 1 と No. 2 の問いに答えなさい。

〈グラフ〉



*historical places : 史跡、歴史に残る場所

No. 1 ①の中に適する 1 語を英語で書きなさい。

No. 2 「日本のアニメ」と答えた旅行者は何人ですか。最も適するものを、次の 1～8の中から一つ選び、その番号を答えなさい。

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. 4 | 2. 8 | 3. 10 | 4. 12 |
| 5. 16 | 6. 18 | 7. 20 | 8. 24 |

問2 次の英文は、留学生のロビン(Robin)とクミ(Kumi)の対話です。対話文中の(ア)~(ウ)の()の中にそれぞれ適する1語を英語で書きなさい。ただし、答えはそれぞれの()内に指示された文字で書き始め、一つの _ に1文字が入るものとします。

Robin : Hi, Kumi. Where are you going ?

Kumi : Hi, Robin. I'm going to the department store to buy *a pair of sneakers.

Robin : Are they for you ?

Kumi : No. They're for my (ア) (g _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _). Tomorrow is her seventieth birthday.
Look ! I have a photo of her here.

Robin : Oh, she looks very (イ) (y _ _ _ _ _), not like a seventy-year-old woman.

Kumi : Yes. She enjoys (ウ) (r _ _ _ _ _ _) every morning for her *health. So I want to give her sneakers.

Robin : That's a good idea. I hope she will like the present.

* a pair of sneakers : 1 足のスニーカー health : 健康

問3 次の(ア)~(エ)の文の()の中に入れるのに最も適するものを、あとの1~4の中からそれぞれ一つずつ選び、その番号を答えなさい。

(ア) She'll be back () a few minutes.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 1. of | 2. in | 3. at | 4. with |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|

(イ) I am very sleepy () I didn't sleep well last night.

- | | | | |
|------------|-------|---------|-------|
| 1. because | 2. if | 3. that | 4. so |
|------------|-------|---------|-------|

(ウ) Mike () with the dog since he was five.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. is living | 2. was living | 3. was lived | 4. has lived |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|

(エ) I sent Kumi an e-mail () her about the plan.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|------------|---------------|
| 1. tell | 2. told | 3. to tell | 4. to telling |
|---------|---------|------------|---------------|

問4 次の(ア)～(エ)の対話が完成するように、()内の六つの語の中から五つを選んで正しい順番に並べたとき、その()内で3番目と5番目に来る語の番号をそれぞれ答えなさい。なお、文頭に置く語も最初の文字は小文字で示してあります。(それぞれ一つずつ不要な語があるので、その語は使用しないこと。)

(ア) A: (1. you 2. to 3. went 4. been 5. Australia 6. have)?

B: No, but I'd like to go someday.

(イ) A: What time shall we meet at school tomorrow?

B: How about at eight? Then we (1. play 2. can 3. to 4. playing
5. tennis 6. start) at 8:30.

(ウ) A: Which is more popular at your school, soccer or baseball?

B: Soccer (1. more 2. most 3. than 4. much 5. is 6. popular)
baseball.

(エ) A: (1. doing 2. that 3. you 4. when 5. what 6. were) I called you
last night?

B: I was listening to music in my room.

解答

配点

- 問1 (ア) No. 1 1 No. 2 1 No. 3 3
 (イ) No. 1 4 No. 2 3
 (ウ) No. 1 food No. 2 5
 問2 (ア) grandmother (イ) young (ウ) running
 問3 (ア) 2 (イ) 1 (ウ) 4 (エ) 3
 問4 (ア) 4, 5 (イ) 3, 5 (ウ) 1, 3 (エ) 3, 4

- 問1 各3点×7=21点
 問2 各2点×3=6点
 問3 各3点×4=12点
 問4 各4点×4=16点

- 問3 (ア) 「彼女は数分で戻ります」 時間の経過を表し「～のうちに、～以内に」は in。 (イ) 「昨夜よく眠らなかった」ので、私はとても眠いです」 接続詞を選ぶ問題。空所の前が〈結果〉、あとが〈理由・原因〉の関係になっている。
 (ウ) 「マイクは5歳のときからずっとそのイヌといっしょに暮らしています」 since 以下に着目して、〈継続〉を表す現在完了の文に。 (エ) 「私は予定について伝えるために、クミにEメールを送りました」 この to tell は目的を表す副詞的用法の不定詞。
 問4 (ア) Have you been to Australia? 「あなたはオーストラリアに行ったことがありますか」 〈経験〉を表す現在完了の文。have[has] been to ～ 「～に行ったことがある」 (イ) Then we can start to play tennis at 8:30. 「それなら、私たちは8時30分にテニスをし始めることができます」 start to ～ 「～し始める」 start playing とすると語数が合わない。 (ウ) Soccer is much more popular than baseball. 「サッカーのほうが野球よりずっと人気があります」 〈more + 形容詞[副詞] + than ～〉の比較級の文に。much は比較級を強めて「ずっと」の意味。 (エ) What were you doing when I called you last night? 「昨夜私が電話をしたとき、あなたは何をしていましたか」 この what は疑問詞、when は接続詞。

英語 放送された英文▶

問題(ア) No. 1

Haruto: I'm so nervous about the math test tomorrow.
 Beth: You're ready for it, aren't you?
 Haruto: Well, I've studied hard, but I'm still worried about it.

Beth: (チャイム)

No. 2

Haruto: How's your new tennis racket, Beth? Have you played with it?
 Beth: No, not yet, but I want to try. Can you play with me now?
 Haruto: Well, I have just finished lunch. I don't want to play now.

Beth: (チャイム)

No. 3

Haruto: You're always studying Japanese hard, Beth.
 Beth: Yes. I want to use Japanese in my future job.
 Haruto: Oh, I see. What do you want to be?
 Beth: (チャイム)

問題(イ) No. 1

Duke: I hear your brother Akio is going to stay in America this summer.

Nao: Yes. He'll stay there for three months, and come back to Japan in September.

Duke: Is he going there to learn English?

Nao: Yes, he is taking an English course in Los

Angeles.

Duke: That's good! When is he leaving?

Nao: In June, next month. So he's very busy now.

No. 2

Duke: I'm going to see a volleyball game at the city gym tomorrow. Will you come with me, Nao?

Nao: Sure. How will you go there?

Duke: I usually go by bike, but my bike is broken now. So I'll walk.

Nao: Oh, Duke. My mother can take me there by car. Why don't you join us?

Duke: Thanks, Nao. Actually, I don't like to walk.

Nao: You're welcome.

問題(ウ)

Good morning, everyone. The other day, I found an interesting graph on the web and I'm going to talk about it. There are many tourists from other countries as you know, and the graph shows their favorite things in Japan. More than half of them talk about something to eat, for example, sushi, *ramen*, and *yakitori*, as their favorite things in Japan. I like historical places such as temples and shrines the best, and twenty percent of them answered so, too. Some of them also like nature here the best, such as mountains and lakes. The number of them is just half of the number of tourists with an answer of "Japanese anime" to the question. What do you think about their answers?